

# Rifle Patents

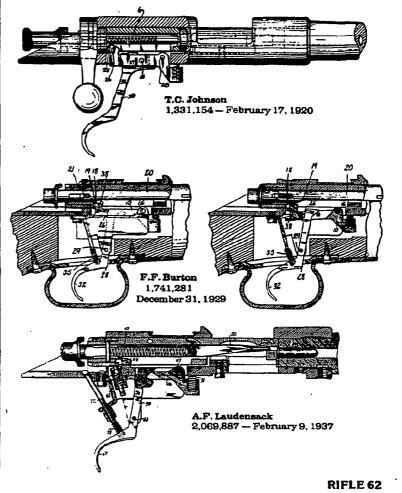
byStuart Otteson

#### Target Triggers: Winchester Model 52

THE WINCHESTER Model 52 As Johnson's patent shows, the first target rifle has had four basic Model 52 trigger was simply a triggers during its sixty-year history, each documented by a Winchester patent. The original Model 52, designed in 1918-1919, essentially had nothing more than a military-rifle trigger. This was replaced in 1929 by an "override" type. A special sear actuator was added in 1937 to yield the third type. In 1951 came the "micromotion" trigger, which remains the current version, although in recent years, Winchester has also offered Kenyon triggers as extra-cost options.

commercial adaptation of the directdraw triggers used in the military rifles of the day. The trigger piece (39) is suspended from the sear (27) by a pivot pin (40). When the trigger piece is pulled, its cam-shaped head reacts against the underside of the action, causing the sear to rotate down about a pin (28) and thus draw the sear nose (26) out of engagement with the notch (25) of the firing pin (6).

While this is a very reliable and sturdy trigger, its pull is long because



of the direct link between trigger and sear. Thus it was not ideally adapted, at least in the opinion of many shooters, to target work.

Burton's trigger, coming along some ten years later, was something of a milestone in U.S. bolt-action-rifle development. Burton did not invent the basic concept of the override trigger. His patent specification, in fact, begins by acknowledging previous versions dating back to the 1800's. Burton's object was rather to improve upon the basic type to make it better suited to a bolt-action.

Movement of the firing pin (20) is blocked by the sear (10) pivoted on a pin (16). The sear is in turn supported by the shoulder (26) of the trigger piece (28).

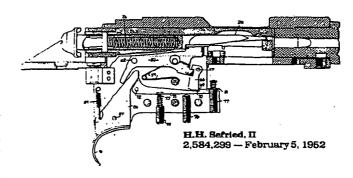
Because of an angled contact plane between the surface (19) of the firing pin and the surface (18) of the sear, the sear is unstable and could not stand without the shoulder (26). When the finger curve (32) is pulled, the trigger piece pivots about a pin (29), sliding this support shoulder out from under the sear, which is then overridden by the firing pin as it is propelled forward by the mainspring (21).

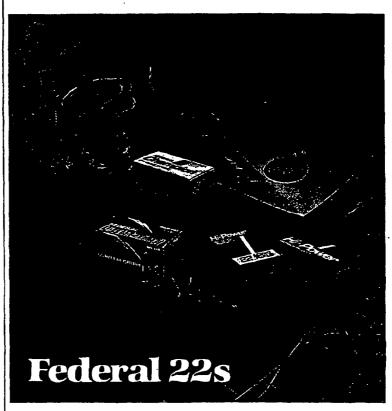
Engagement between the sear and its support shoulder is regulated by a screw (38). This is the only adjustment. The purchase for the poundage spring (35) is simply a tab bent down from the trigger housing. Nor is backlash controlled, because trigger overtravel is employed for removal of the bolt.

Laudensack developed a rather novel variation of Burton's trigger, using a small precision spring assembly to press the sear downward rather than tapping a vector off the mainspring for this purpose. According to the invention, mainspring loading can be subject to variation, depending on how rapidly the bolt is closed, whereas this special spring assembly ensures a uniform force balance within the trigger at all times to eliminate variations in pull from shot to shot.

In the illustration, the firing pin (30) is blocked by engagement between the notch (43) on its underside and the face (44) of the sear (46). This engagement is square to the firing pin axis, thus creating no downward vector. Instead, the sear is pressed down onto the support shoulder (56) of the trigger piece (54) by a special spring (63). Although the spring (63) does not vary greatly in size and strength from the sear-return spring (51) that opposes it, it is effective because of its relatively greater distance from the sear pivot pin (47).

When the finger curve (67) is





Small game hunting or varminting. Plinking or target shooting. Whatever your sport, Federal has the right 22 ammunition for you.

High velocity Federal Hi-Powers with copper-plated bullets-regular or hollow point-pack a game-stopping wallop. Economical Lightning 22s in the new blue box, with lubricated lead bullets, are (Continued on page 50) great for your recreational

shooting. And Champion standard velocity 22s provide the round-after-round consistency needed for accurate target shooting. So try a box or two of Federal 22s today; prove their performance for yourself.

The Precision People

### FEDERAL

**CARTRIDGE** 

MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA 55402

MARCH-APRIL 1979

## DRAG and Ballistic Coefficients

for all Rifle bullets. Order

"Compendium" at \$13. Homer Powley, Petra Lane, RR 1, Eldridge, lowa 52748



Only \$3.00 postpaid REINHART FAJEN, INC. Box 338 R. Warsaw, Mo. 65355

#### **Rifle Patents**

(Continued from page 9)

pressed against the adjustable poundage spring (78), the trigger piece pivots about a pin (68), sliding the support shoulder out from under the sear. Once this small shoulder clears, the spring (63) snaps the sear down clear of the firing pin, allowing ignition to occur.

Besides the special sear actuator, Laudensack added a poundage adjustment (threaded rod, 77). This was obviously a much easier concept to explain, and accordingly, advertisements that began appearing in 1937 for this new Model 52 emphasized the "patented two-adjustment trigger pull."

Sefried's "micromotion" trigger, introduced in 1951, was an all-new design with four levers, two in the primary circuit and two in the override circuit.

The firing pin (24) is blocked by the sear (41), which pivots on a pin (42). Because of the location of this pivot, the sear is unstable and would be driven out of position by the firing pin were it not supported by the sear latch (66) pivoting on a pin (67). The sear latch is in turn checked by the transmitting lever (71), which is pivoted on a pin (72) and held in set position by the adjustable poundage spring (73). Finally, the trigger piece (86) pivots on a pin (87) and is biased forward by a spring (89).

Pressure applied against the finger curve (91) pivots both the trigger piece and the transmitting lever clockwise. The location of the pivots for these parts causes finger movement to be greatly amplified at the shoulder (70), so that a pull of only a few thousandths of an inch can free the sear latch. Everything else is then automatic. The sear latch breaks forward to free the sear, which is immediately snapped downward from the path of the firing pin by the mainspring (26).

When the firing pin is drawn back, a spring (59) lifts the sear, which on its way up also pulls the sear latch back into set position. As the transmitting lever in turn begins rising back up, it is controlled and prevented from rebounding by the spring-buffer assembly (81). As a result of this spring buffer, engagement between surfaces 69 and 70, a critical factor in obtaining uniform trigger pull, is precisely constant from shot to shot.

Sefried's version was the first fully adjustable Model 52 trigger. Poundage is regulated by screw 75, engagement by screw 77, and backlash by screw 76. This last adjustment was made possible by positioning the parts so that the trigger piece is pushed forward to actuate the bolt stop.

This was one reason for the separate transmitting lever. A more fundamental reason was the need to balance the trigger piece statically about its pivot. Sefried put much emphasis on protecting his trigger from jarring and vibration, and this balanced trigger, with the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs, served that the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs, served that the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs, served that the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs, served that the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs, served that the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs, served that the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs, served that the trigger piece and transmitting lever cushioned between opposing springs.

DUBIEL

Developed with VISION
Produced with INTEGRITY — Sold with PRIDE

Dulliel rilles are fully U.S. made of the finest materials and workmanthin, incorporating a unique 5-lug balt requiring only 19° rotation for rapid operation. Douglas Framium barrels in standard calibers, 12:250 through, 138 Winchester Mag. on 3 Dulliel action lengths, right or left-hand action. Five stock patterns (watch future and for illustrations) in solid or laminated woods, oil or epoxy finish, hand-checkered. Additional options are available. Each rille fitted and tested to 3-shet. 1 12:-inch group at 100 yards with commercial ammunition. 90-120 days from or things like Quality.

Some things money can buy — things like Quality.

#### DU BIEL ARMS COMPANY

1724 Baker Road Sharman, Texas 75090 Phone (214) 883-7313

### BUY NOW!

COMPLETE YOUR REFERENCE LIBRARY - GET THOSE RARE BACK ISSUES WHILE THEY ARE STILL AVARABLE! These prices based on our purchase cost, scarcity, and are SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

NOTICE.

• Hendloader Magazine
Nos. 4 and 58 (temporarily sold out)

Nos. 19, 23, 28, 42 and 55	0.00
Nos. 2, 15, 24, 25 and 37 \$	8.00
No. 40	
Nos. 7, 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 22, 29, 34, 35, 41, 64\$	
All others	
Bound Vol. 1 & II (first 10 issues) \$60.00 (when avail	lable)
Bound Vol. iii & IV (issues no. 11 through 22)	\$50.00
Bound Vol. V & VI (issues no. 23 through 34)	\$60.00
Sound Vol. VII & VIII (issues no. 35 through 46)	
Bound Vol. IX & X (issues no. 47 through 58)	550.00
♠ Rifle Messzine	. #30.00
No. 19 (temporarily sold out)	
Nos. 26 and 41	
Nos. 2, 3, 4, 21 and 23	5 8.00
Nos. 8 and 17	\$ 4.00
All others	
Bound Vol. i & ii (first 12 issues)	
Bound Val. III & IV (issues no. 13 through Z4)	
Rannd Val. V.E. VI /include Do. 25 through 361	የፈበ ሰብ

American Riflemen: Large selection available from the 1940's to date, most in 1930's, a few 1920's. Send your want list for a quotation.

Gus Report Megazine: Most issues available, including rare early ones.

Rifle and Handloader Indexes: \$1.00 each, ppd.



Shooting Times: Most early editions -irst five years) available at \$1 per 109, Other gun Magazines: We have a small quantity of back issues of other gun magazines. These are priced at \$1 each. Some rare issues of Playboy - Please lecurize.

PADCO Enterprises



P.O. BOX 2409 PRESCOTT, ARIZONA 86302

50

RIFLE 62

Ok 7-22-93