# SHOTGUNS - contd. 

MODEL 870, 28-410 GAUGE
MODE 1100, 20-28-410 GAUGE - contd.
28 and 410 gauge is $\$ 10$ over the 12,16 and 20 gauge price. The Model lloo, 20 gauge lightweight is also priced $\$ 10$ above the regular grades. Exhibit II shows the current line costs adjusted for the third year 1971 (before line) and Exhibit III, the proposed line costs. The return dollars and percent are comparable for the entire line. Exhibit IV shows the Model 870, 12, 15 and 20 gauge figures adjusted for 1971 to include the addition of the Recoil pad proposed for 1968 for comparison.

Using these figures as a basis, the following charts for proft. duction using N/C machines for a part of the Receiver año the Action Bar Sleeve were developed.

Chart V - Summary comparison of cashyresul解 frome the addition of the wedel 100 , 20,28 a ${ }^{4}$ a 410 gauge and Mogiel 670,28 and 410 gauge and project expenditues.tap,
Chart VI - Totalplant pogition and effect of the adifition of the Model 1100, 20, 28 and 410 gauge dpa Modey:870, 28 and 410 gauge Shotgans inthifa year of operation 1971.

As request ondentatine were also made on the basis of using geandarde mextines. The labor and material costs by either method © f thatufactufe are approximately the same. The following charts aHo coure comparisons of project costs.

Chart VII - Comparison of estimates using $N / C$ machines and standard machines and the type and number of new machines required uncer each proposal.

Chart VIII - Sumary comparison of cash results from the addition of the Model 1100, 20, 28 and 410 gauge and Model 870, 28 and 410 gauge and project expenditures.

