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KE-100 PISTOL & MODEL 600 RIPLE - SELLING / HICK

Information on pricing the XF-100 Pistol and Model boo mittle was reviewed at the February 12 Operations Committee. The review was based on the Plant's letter to Gail Evans of January 25 concerning this subject. The following memorandum summarizes the percinal recommendations of the Committee.

Status Prior to Meeting

The status of the rifle and pistol prior to the Pebracov ϕ section was:

	Model 600 Rifle	XF-100 Pistor	
Hetail Selling Price	Not established (Project Basis - \$85)	Not established (froject Basis - \$7%	
Planned Calibers	222 , 308 & 30-30	221 Reminston	
Stock	Wood - Monte Carlo Nylon Snape (No checkering, grip cap, fore end tip, swivels or aling)		

Pricing Recommendations

Model 600 Rifle

The Sales Department suggests the rifle can be successfully markeded at \$100 retail by adding Custom Checkering and changing the planning callbers from 222 and 30-30 to the new calibers 284 Winchester and 350 Remington Magnum, retaining the 308. They estimate the long term sales volume will be fifteen thousand (15,000) a year. The basis for their recommendations are:

The retail price of the rifle must be increased above the \$85 used in the project. Farnings at this price are inademate, being about break-even for the 308 and 222 calibers and a \$2.38 loss for the 30-30 caliber, on a full book cost basis. The earnings are poorer than originally projected due to lower estimated total plant volume, higher manufacturing cost for the 30-30 caliber and other small production cost increases.

Since the price must be increased, the rifle will no longer compete price for price with the Winchester Model 94 and must compete with higher priced rifles. Consequently, features such as 30-30 Winchester to compete directly with the Winchester 94 may be dropped and other competitive features added for the higher price class.

Sales proposes the competitive features be improved by adding Custom Checkering to the siles of the grip and fore end. $T_{\rm eff}$ s provides significantly more appeal at small increased cost.

They also propose to substitute two new cartridge calibers. 284 Winchester and 350 Remisgron Magnus for the previously planued 222 Remington and 30-30 Winchester. Experience indicates a short barrel 222 Caliber mills has no appeal. The 30-30 is obsoleted by cartridges with better trilistics. It is also hampered by additional project cost for design and tooling and by higher production cost than the righest calibers. The additional project cost for 30-30 caliber has been estimated at \$110,000 of which only \$15,000 has been spent. Abandoning this caliber now will reduce project expenditures \$95,000.

The Model 600 rifle with its proposed Pentures and \$100 price should not materially affect Model 700 rifle sales. If it does, lowever, the cash operative carnings of approximately 525 compares favorably with the \$27.40 cash operative earning of the Model 700 ADL.

The Froduction, Research, and Treasurer's Departments agree with Sales' recommendations as proposed.

Table 1 attached summarizes the economics of the rifle as now proposed. The table also shows for comparison the economics of selling the originally planned calibers of 222 Remington, 308 Winchester and 30-30 Winchester at \$100 retail.

XP-100 Pistol

The retail selling price of the pistol must also be raised over the \$75 used in the project because of an estimated \$3.68 ful! book loss at this price. The earnings are poorer than originally projected due to lower estimated total plant volume, the higher cost of the pistol packing case, and other small increased manufacturing costs. The simulated leather pistol case adds about \$3.55 full book packaging cost.

The Sales Department feels the pistol can be marketed roc \$95 retail and support a long term volume of 5000 a year. They feel the platol must be priced below the rifle to maintain our marketing integrity a visual comparison of the rifle and the pistol indicates to the Sales Cepartment that the pistol should sell for a lower price.

The other departments question if the pistol cannot retail for \$100. They suggest the pistol will appeal to a limited market unose side will be unaffected by small differences in price. They also point out the full book manufacturing cost of the pistol at \$100 is only less than the rifle, and does not justify a \$5 lower retail \$2.00 het selling) price.

The pistol price was left unresolved and will be determined by further discussion of the Committee at Bridgeport. Table 2 at ached commercies the economics of selling the pistol for \$95 and for \$100.

L. D. Cox

LDC:1

HODEL 600 RIFLE

OPERATIVE EARNINGS AND RETURN ON INVESTMENT AT PROPOSED \$100 RETAIL SELLING PRICE

Costs Include Custom Checkering

•	At The Selling Price & With The Calibers Ununinously Proposed Dy All Departments	At The Selling Price Unanimously Proposed By All Departments & With The Original Calibers For Which The Rifle Was To Do Designed		
ctail Selling Price	\$100,00		8100.00	
et Selling Pri∞	53.82	53.82		
alibers	Rimicss Only 2011 Vino* 303 Vino 350 Remo Ingo*	Rimless 222 Rem. 308 Rem.	Ripped 30–30	Total 222 Pens 30-30 Vins 308 Vins
Stimated Third Year Volume	15,000	9,000	6,000	15,000
TILL BOOK COST PATA				
Unit Cost of Goods	\$ 46.73	\$46.73	८५७५७	\$47.82
Unit Operative Eurnings % of Net Selling	7.09 13%	7.09 13%	6;3 4°39	6.00 113
NT OF POCKET COST DATA	•			
Unit Cost of Goods	\$ 28.60	\$28.60	\$30,10	\$29.20
Unit Operative Earnings	25°55	25.22	23,72	24.62
Total Operative Earnings	\$ 3 78 H	\$227 H	\$142 11	\$3 69 II
Het Earning After Frenchise Tex. All Other Expense, And Funktal Tex	e 1 61, 11	9 8 II	61 11	159 H
Investment Permanent Investment Norking Capital Total Capital Required	\$ 08 11 133 TI \$521 M	\$ 88 H 261 FI 8349 H	179 II 3179 II	\$ 88 H LLO 11 \$528 H
S Return on Total Capital	31%	28%	3455	30%

costs and earnings for calibers assumed the same as the prototype models displayed, with the addition of Custom Checkering. Any need for stainless stuel Barrel or Recoil Pad would presumably have added cost offset by increased selling price.

XP-100 PISTOL

OPERATIVE EARLINGS AND RETURN ON INVESTMENT AT \$95 AND \$260 NETAIL SELLING PRICE

•	
· \$ 95.60	
•	\$100,00
	53.82
221 Ren.	221 Rem.
5000	5000
\$ 4539	# 1 # .w.
_	\$ 45 73
113	8,09 1 5%
\$ 29 . 10	A on ro
22,03	\$ 29,10
-	24072
	\$12h n
8 48 11	\$ 5% 11
\$ 85 n	\$ 85 n
124 H 5229 H	_246 n
	\$231 11"
21/3	235
	\$ 45.39 5.74 113 \$ 29.10 22.03 \$110 II \$ 48 II \$ 25 II 114 III \$ 229 II