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ing discharge of the firearm despite operation of the trigger mechanism and despite jarring which might otherwise cause an accidental discharge.

Further movement of the operating lever of the safety mechanism, in the direction required to engage 5 the lock pin in the recess of the cocking lug, moves a cam attached to the operating lever into contact with a follower located on one end of a blade which is pivotably mounted on the receiver of the firearm. The cam pivots the blade about an axis generally perpendicular to the blade, raising an edge of the blade through a slot provided in the receiver of the firearm into a groove provided in the bolt of the firearm, thereby preventing the bolt from rotating away from its closed-and-locked position closing the breech.

It is, therefore, a principal feature of the invention that it includes a laterally-extending lock pin which is movable laterally into locking engagement in a recess provided in a part of the striker of a bolt action firearm, to positively engage and retain the striker, preventing 20 discharge of the firearm.

It is another important feature of safety mechanism of the present invention that the lock pin positively moves the striker rearward in the receiver of the firearm as the lock pin moves into the recess provided in the cocking 25 lug.

It is another important feature of the present invention that when the operating lever of the safety mechanism is in an intermediate position, the bolt may be rotated, but the cocking lug is held securely, preventing 30 discharge of the firearm.

It is a primary advantage of the present invention that it provides greater safety then previously known safety mechanisms for bolt action firearms, since it locks the striker independently of the trigger mechanism of the striker independently of the trigger mechanism of the striker independently of the trigger mechanism of the present invention may be seen to comprise a firearm.

with the forward movement of the striker 20 when the firearm is cocked.

Referring now also to FIGS. 2-5, the safety mechanism of the present invention may be seen to comprise a backing piece 36 fitted against one side of the tang 38 of

It is another primary advantage of the present invention that it is more convenient to operate than a boltmounted safety mechanism.

It is a further advantage of the present invention that 40 it is less susceptible to wear than safety mechanisms which depend upon lockage of the trigger mechanism, particularly in firearms requiring only a slight movement of the trigger to discharge the firearm.

The foregoing and other objectives, features and 45 advantages of the present invention will be more readily understood upon consideration of the following detailed description of the invention taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a fragmentary partially cut away side elevational view of a rifle including an exemplary safety mechanism embodying the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a top view of the rear portion of the receiver 55 of the rifle shown in FIG. 1, with the bolt removed.

FIG. 3 is a partially sectional side elevational view of a portion of the bolt of the rifle shown in FIG. 1, showing the lock pin and the blade of the safety mechanism shown in FIG. 1 engaged therein.

FIG. 4 is a bottom view, taken along line 4—4 of FIG. 3, of a portion of the bolt shown in FIG. 3, with the lock pin of the safety mechanism of the invention engaged therein.

FIG. 5 is a pictorial view, at an enlarged scale, of the 65 lock pin of the safety mechanism shown in FIG. 1.

FIG. 6 is a bottom view, at an enlarged scale, of a detail of the bolt of the rifle shown in FIG. 1, showing

the relationship between the lock pin of the safet, mechanism and the cocking lug of the bolt.

FIG. 7 is a right side elevational view, at an enlarged scale, of the safety mechanism shown in FIG. 1.

FIG. 8 is a bottom view of the safety mechanism shown in FIG. 1, taken along line 8—8 of FIG. 7.

FIG. 9 is a left side elevational view of the safety mechanism shown in FIG. 1, taken along line 9—9 of FIG. 8.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A bolt action rifle 10, equipped with a safety mechanism 12 which is a preferred embodiment of the present invention, is shown in FIG. 1. The rifle 10 comprises a receiver 14 having a barrel 15 attached at its forward end. A breech bolt 16 is operatively mounted in the receiver 14 to block the breech of the barrel 15. A bolt handle 18 of the breech bolt 16 is shown (partially cut 20 away for clarity) in a forward-and-down, closed-and-locked position, and a striker 20 carried by the bolt 16, is in its cocked position, in which it is held rearward with respect to the bolt 16 against the force of a striker spring (not shown).

The trigger mechanism of the rifle comprises a trigger 22, pivotably mounted on a trigger pivot pin 24, and a sear lever 26 mounted on a sear pivot pin 28. A forward end of the trigger 22 is supported by a trigger adjusting screw 30 and a trigger spring 32, while a sear 34 is provided on an upper portion of the trigger 22 to releasably hold the sear lever 26 in a position interfering with the forward movement of the striker 20 when the firearm is cocked.

Referring now also to FIGS. 2-5, the safety mechabacking piece 36 fitted against one side of the tang 38 of the receiver 14 of the rifle 10, and a lock pin 40, having a longitudinal axis 42, which extends laterally through a bore 43 defined in the backing piece 36 and the tang 38 of the receiver 14. An operating lever extends upward above the backing piece 38 and has a head 45 shaped to be conveniently moved by thumb pressure. An elongated opening 46, through which an outer end portion 47 of the lock pin 40 extends, is defined in the operating lever 44. A cover plate 48 is secured to the backing piece to limit movement of the operating lever 44, while a hole 50 defined in the cover plate 48 and located in alignment with the elongated opening 46 permits the lock pin 40 to move laterally and also permits observa-50 tion of the position of the lock pin 40. The operating lever 44 may be moved forward, rotating about a pivot axis coincident with the central longitudinal axis 42 of the lock pin 40, from the position shown in solid line in FIG. 1, in which the safety mechanism of the invention is in a "safe" position, to the "off-safe" position shown in broken line, which permits the rifle 10 to be discharged.

A cam 52, is located on the lower portion of the operating lever 44, where it engages a follower 54 con60 nected to a blade 56. The blade 56 is pivotably secured to the receiver 14 by, for example, a blade mounting screw 57 extending laterally through the blade into the receiver 14. An edge 58 of the blade 56 extends upward through a slot 60 in the receiver, engaging a groove 62 defined in the bottom of the bolt 16, near the bolt handle 18, preventing the bolt 16 from rotating out of its forward-and-down locked position. A blade spring 64 normally retains the edge 58 in a lowered position,