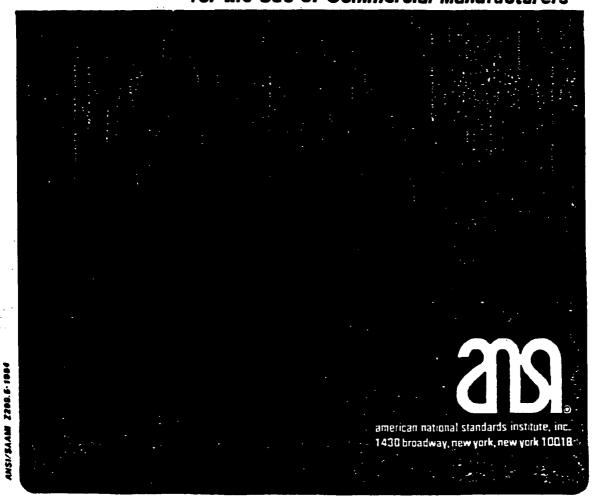
ANSI/SAAM Z298.5-1984

# American National Standard

Voluntary Industry Performance Standards
Criteria for Evaluation of New
Firearms Designs Under Conditions
of Abusive Mishandling
for the Use of Commercial Manufacturers



MAR. 2 C 1985

ANSI/SAAM 2288.5-1884

American National Standard
Voluntary Industry Performance Standards
Criteria for Evaluation of New
Firearms Designs Under Conditions
of Abusive Mishandling
for the Use of Commercial Manufacturers

ionees.

Sporting Arms and Assessables Materiacturers' Institute, Inc.

Approved

American Medicani Standardo Instituto, inc

Abstract

This Standard provides procedures for evaluating new firearms designs and applies to rifles, shotguns, pistols and revolvers. In the interest of safety these tests are structured to demonstrate to the designer of new firearms that the product will resist abusive mishandling. These procedures are specifically understood not to apply to muzzle loading and black powder firearms of any type.

### American National Standard

An American National Standard implies a consensus of those substantially concerned with its scope and provisions. The data presented in ANSI/SAAMI Standard Z299.5-1984 is directed solely to the needs and interests of commercial manufacturers of firearms. It does not provide techniques or specifications for design or manufacturing nor does it imply that firearms not meeting this Standard are necessarily unsafe.

CAUTION NOTICE: This American National Standard is subject to periodic review and users are cautioned to obtain latest editions. Notice of review or revision will be given to all members of the Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers' institute, inc. (SAAMI), and to other commercial producers of firearms in North America known to SAAMI.

### . <del>Published By</del>

....

Sparting Arms and Assessation Monatocurrer' Institute, Inc. P. Q. Sex 216, Wallingford, Connecticut 08482

Copyright 1984 by Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers' institute, Inc. All Rights reserved.

He part of this publication may be reproduced in any form in an electronic retrieval system or otherwise without the prior written permission of the publisher.

Printed in the United States of America

### FOREWORD

(This foreword is not a part of American National Standard 2299.5-1984.)

This Voluntary Industry Performance Standard provides the firearm designer and manufacturer with recommendations for test procedures to evaluate new designs of Centerfire and Rimfire rifles, shotguns and handguns as defined under the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968. Test parameters simulate conditions where abusive mishandling of the firearm could possibly result in accidental discharge.

These test procedures specifically do not apply to muzzle loading and black powder firearms of any type.

Suggestions for improvement of this Standard will be welcome. They should be sent to Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers' Institute, Inc., P.O. Box 218, Wallingford, Connecticut 06492.

ONTENTS	SECTION .	PAGE
	1. Scope	1
	2. Purpose	1
	3. Exceptions	1
	4. Definitions	
	5. Drop Test	2-3
	6. Exposed Hammer Test	
	7. Jar-Off Test,	. 56
	8. Rotation Test	

### SAAMI VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

### 1. Scope

This Voluntary Industry Performance Standard provides the firearm designer and manufacturer with recommendations for test-procedures to evaluate new designs of riflee, shotguns and handguns as they are defined by the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968. The test parameters simulate conditions where the firearm is subjected to abusive mishandling to demonstrate the ability of the firearm to withstand this abuse without discharging.

### 2. Purpose

In the interest of safety, the purpose of this Standard is to provide test procedures that will aid the designer and manufacturer in evaluating the performance of new designs of firearms under certain conditions of abusive mishandling.

معادي ما يون يا يوند. العام الدين ال

### 3. Exceptions

. . .

a. This Standard does not apply to muzzle loading and black powder firearms of any type....

graphic American sweep por the figure of the same state of the sa

b. This feeders less not apply to firearms that are designed to have esigned pulle less than three pounds (1.15 kg).

The requirements of this Standard are not appropriate for firearms primarily intended for formal target shooting, and therefore this Standard does not apply to firearms whose trigger pull is designed to be less than three pounds (1.38 kg).

### 4. Definitions

Hammer. A component part of the firing mechanism which strikes the firingpin or primer sometimes through one or more transfer members. A firearm may have a concealed-hammer or an exposed hammer.

Handgun. A firearm designed to be held and fired with one hand.

Pistol. A handgum in which the chamber is part of the barrel.

Revolver. A firearm, usually a handgun, with a cylinder having several chambers so arranged as to rotate around an axis and be discharged successively by the same firing mechanism.

Rifle. A firearm having spiral grooves in the bore and designed to be fired from the shoulder.

SAMI VOLUMEARY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

### -Safe- to incorport generic term for enform-

"Safe Carrying" condition. Le defined in the Compain Namuel for the positionies finance.

The condition in which it is contemplated that a particular design of firecom is to be carried.

Safety. A device on a firearm intended to provide protection against accidental or unintentional discharge under normal usage when properly engaged.

- "On" A term describing the position of a component of the safety device when set in a manner to provide protection against accidental or unintentional discharge under normal usage.
- 2. "Off" To allow the firearm to be discharged.

Shotgum. A smooth bore shoulder firearm designed to fire shells containing numerous pellets or a single slug.

Striker. A rod-like firing-pin or a separate component which impinges on the firing-pin.

Trigger. That part of a firearm mechanism which is moved manually to cause the firearm to discharge.

Trigger pull. The average force which must be applied to the trigger of a firearm to cause sear or harmor release with the force applied approximately parallel to the bore line.

- 5. DROP TEST
- 5.1 APPLIES TO: RIFLES, SHOTGURS AND HANDGURS.
- 5.1.1 This test simulates the abusive dropping of the firearm.
- 5.1.2 With the firears in the "Safe Carrying" condition co-defineden being nested, the firearm enound shall be capable of passing the below test criteria for drop testing from a height of four feet (1.22 m) onto a 8525 Durometer (Shore A) rubber mat, one inch thick (2.54 cm), backed by concrete. The mat and concrete shall be large enough so that when the gun is dropped it will fall and come to rest without interference within the perimeter of the mat. The drop height shall be measured from the surface of the rubber mat to the center of gravity of the firearm. The center of gravity shall be determined to an accuracy of + one inch by any recognized method for finding the center of gravity of an irregular shaped object. The firears shall be recocked and reset in the "Safe Carrying" condition after each drop or a separate firearm may be used for each drop. As an alternative to free dropping, other methods may be substituted if they provide equivalent impact characteristics.

### SAMI VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- 5.2 Criterion - The firearm shall not fire a chambered empty primed case of its designated cartridge when tested in accordance with this procedure. In a multi-chambered gun the primed case(s) shall be inserted in the chamber(s) directly in front of the firingpin(s). Parts breakage or other damage resulting from drop testing does not constitute failure as long as the empty primed case does not fire and the firearm can be unloaded safely after each drop.
- Test Procedure The firearm or firearms shall be dropped in such a way as to cause them to strike the rubber mat surface in each of the following attitudes:
  - a. Barrel vertical, muzzle down.
  - b. Barrel vertical, mussle up.

  - c. Barrel horizontal, bottom up.d. Barrel horizontal, bottom down.
  - e. Barrel horizontal, left side up.
  - f. Barrel horizontal, right side up.
- <del>cries of discesse which are designed to have</del> below-three prints (2.25 kg) is not covered by this precedure.
- 5.3.2 The test shall be conducted with the trigger pull force set at the ministem force specified by the manufacturer.
- 5.3.3 The test shall be conducted with the magazine, clip or remaining revolver cylinder chambers fully loaded with dummy cartridges and locked in place.
- 5.3.4 <del>la is procuperded that the fiverus veight unristicus introduced bu</del> <del>combinetions of seconomics estalogued by the gun manufacturer be-</del> The test shall be conducted with firearms of minimum and maximum veight configurations of a given model, including weight variations introduced by accessories catalogued by the manufacturer.
- 6. EXPOSED HAPPIER TEST
- APPLIES TO: HANDGUNS WITH EXPOSED HAMMERS OR STRIKERS. 6.1
- 6.1.1 This test simulates the dropping of the handgun on its exposed hanner or striker.
- 6.1.2 Handguns with exposed hammers or strikers shall be capable of passing the following test criteria with the firearm in the recommended "Safe Carrying" condition as described in the Owner's the firearm being-tested. The firearm shall be dropped the distance specified in the Test Procedure section below, striking

### SAMI VOLUMTARY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

the rear of the hammer spur or exposed striker upon a mild steel block of at least fifty pounds (22.7 kg) weight with the barrel vertical, suzzle up, a total of six times. The same firearm shall be used throughout the test.

- Exposed Hammer Test (Alternate Procedure) Instead of dropping the firearm, as above, a mild steel weight equal to the weight of a fully loaded firearm and accessories as catalogued by the manufacturer may be dropped the distance specified in the Test Procedure section below, striking the exposed hammer or striker with the firearm held with barrel vertical and mustle down, its mustle resting on a mild steel block of at least fifty pounds (22.7 bg) weight, a total of six times. The same firearm shall be used throughout the test.
- 6.2 Critarion The firearm shall not fire a chambered empty primed case of its designated cartridge when tested according to this procedure. In the case of a sulti-chambered gun, the primed case(s) shall be in the chamber(s) directly in front of the firing-pin(s). If at any time during the test there is any observable damage to a part of the firearm without the firing of the primed case, said part may be replaced and the test continued, unless the damaged part bears the serial number of the firearm. Damage to the serial-numbered part without discharge of the primed case after all six drops shall not constitute failure of this test, as long as the firearm can be unloaded eafely after each drop.
- 6.3 Test Procedure The drop height for this test shall be:

Handguns 36 inches (0.914 m)

The height shall be measured from the impact surface to the contact point on the exposed hazner of the firears.

- 6.3.1 -- Grating of Simenome which are designed to howe a tripped pulldense-below three-gounds (1.26 kg) is not exceed by this
- 5.3.2 The test shall be conducted with the trigger pull force set at the minimum force specified by the manufacturer.
- 5.3.3 The test shall be conducted with the magazine, clip or remaining revolver cylinder chambers fully loaded with dummy cartridges and locked in place.
- 6.3.4 St-is-recommended three the firecomme weight variations introduced by combinations of accessories extalogued by the pur namefortures by considered.

The test shall be conducted with firearms of minimum and maximum veight configurations of a given model, including weight variations introduced by accessories catalogued by the manufacturer.

Ξ.

# DRAFT.

### SAAMI VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- 7. JAR-OFF TEST
- 7.1 APPLIES TO: RIFLES, SHOTGUNS AND HANDGUNS.
- 7.1.1 This test simulates the abusive impacting (bumping) of the firearm against a hard surface with the firearm in a condition of maximum readiness.
- 7.1.2 With the firears cocked and in the ready-to-fire condition (Safety "Off") co-defined in the Owner's Manual fee the firears being tested, the firears elevable shall be capable of passing a jar-off shock equivalent to being dropped from a height of twelve inches (0.305 m) onto a \$555 Durometer (Shore A) rubber mat, one inch (2.54 cm) thick, backed by concrete. The mat and concrete shall be large enough so that when the gun is dropped it will fall completely within the perimeter of the mat. The drop height shall be measured from the surface of the rubber mat to the lowest point on the firearm. The gun shall be caught after its first bounce from the mat so that it strikes the mat only one time. The firearm shall be recooked and reset in the ready-to-fire condition after each drop or a separate firearm may be used for each drop. As an alternative to free dropping, other methods may be substituted if they provide equivalent impact characteristics.
- 7.2 Criterion The firearm shall not fire a chambered empty primed case of its designated cartridge when tasted in accordance with this procedure. In the case of a multi-chambered gun, the primed case(s) shall be in the chamber(s) directly in front of the firing-pin(s). Parts breakage or other damage resulting from drop testing does not constitute failure as long as the empty primed case does not fire and the firearm can be unloaded safely after each drop.
- 7.3 Test Procedure The firearm or firearms shall be dropped in such a way as to cause them to strike the rubber mat surface one time only in each of the following attitudes:
  - a. Barrel vertical, mussle down.
  - b. Barrel vertical, mussle up.
  - c. Barrel horizontal, bottom up.
  - d. Barrel horisontal, bottom down.
  - f. Berrel horisontal, left side up.
  - 3.1 Testing of Signature which are designed to have a saign
- 7.3.2 The test shall be conducted with the trigger pull force set at the minimum force specified by the manufacturer.

below three pounds (1.36 kg) is not nevered by this precedure.

5

# STANCE ACTUALISMS AND ACTUAL AND STANDARDS

- 7.3.3 The test shall be conducted with the magazine, clip or remaining revolver cylinder chambers fully loaded with dummy cartridges and locked in place.
- madad thet the fisses and photosics

The test shall be conducted with firearms of minimum and maximum usight configurations of a given model, including veight variations introduced by accessories catalogued by the manufacturer.

- ROTATION TEST
- ... APPLIES TO: RIFLES AND SHOTGUNS.
- 8.1.1 This test simulates the abusive fall of a firearm when left leaning against a vertical surface.
- 8.1.2 defined in the Demonstratement for the Alexand being treated, the fireass elemine shalf be capable of passing the below test critaria when allowed to fall freely from an upright position with its butt resting on the surface of a 88th Durometer (Shore A) rubber met, one inch (2.54 cm) thick, backed by concrete. The met and concrete shall be large enough so that when the gun is dropped it will fall and come to rest without interference within the parimeter of the met. The firearm shall be recorded and reset to the "Safe Carrying" condition after each drop or a separate firearm may be used for each With the rifle or shotyum in the "Safe Carrying" condition en 59
- 8 2 Criterion - The firearm shall not fire a chambered empty prised case of its designated carridge when tested in accordance with this procedure. In a sulti-chambered gun the prised case(s) shall be inserted in the chamber(s) directly in front of the firing-pin(s). Parts breakage or other damage resulting from drop testing does not constitute failure as long as the empty prised case does not fire and the firearm can be unloaded safely after each drop.
- Test Procedure The firearm shall be tested so as to fall once on its right side and once on its left side.

8.3.2 The cast shall be conducted with the trigger pull force set at the minimum force specified by the manufacturer.

### SAMMI VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- 8.3.3 The test shall be conducted with the magazine or clip fully loaded with dummy cartridges and locked in place.
- 8.3.4 To its presentated that the fireast relight-restitions introduced by anthinations of assessment contagned by the pur manufactures is assessed.

The test shall be conducted with firearms of minimum and maximum weight configurations of a given model, including weight variations introduced by accessories catalogued by the manufacturer.