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*Let common sense rule when you carry a loaded gun. If you're in a situation that could risk accidental discharge — such as crossing a fence, wading through a stream or climbing a tree — always unload your gun. Never pull or push a loaded firearm toward you self or another person. And never carry a loaded gun in a scabbard, detached holster or gun case.*

*Certain firearms (including some Remington® rifles and shotguns) are equipped with internal security devices to prevent unauthorized use. In addition, some firearms owners use external devices, such as cable locks and trigger locks, for the same purpose. Even if you use such a device, you should still keep your firearm unloaded when stored or not in use, and if using internal or external devices cannot substitute, however, for securing your firearm and ammunition in a separate, locked location.*

*Safe storage of firearms is just as critical as safe handling. Always store guns loaded. Be sure to keep your firearms in a secure place where unauthorized persons cannot get their hands on them without your knowledge.*

*Take special care if there are children around. Kids are especially drawn by guns' natural curiosity that can have tragic consequences when not properly supervised. Your gun is in a locked gun safe or some other location that physically bars a child from gaining access.*

*Ammunition should be stored and locked in a location separate from your firearm. Never leave an unsecured firearm or ammunition in a closet, dresser drawer or under the bed. Remember, it is your responsibility to make sure that children and others unfamiliar with firearms cannot get access to your firearm and ammunition.*

*Placing should be stored in a  
place where children cannot  
access them. A gun safe is an ideal  
way to secure your firearm.*

### **3rd COMMANDMENT**

#### **Don't Rely on Your Gun's Safety**

*Treat every gun as "it can fire at any time, whether or not there is pressure on the trigger. Your firearm has been carefully designed to maximize performance and safety. However, because a gun's safety is a mechanical device, it could fail.*

*Human error is a more likely reason for a gun's safety to fail. By mistake, you may think the safety is on when it really isn't. Or the safety may have been disengaged without you knowing about it. Or you could think your gun is unloaded when it's actually a cartridge or shell (bullet). Mechanical safety is not a substitute for common sense. It's merely a supplement to proper handling of a firearm.*

*Never touch the trigger on a firearm until you are ready to shoot. Keep your fingers away from the trigger when you're loading or unloading. And don't pull the trigger when the safety is engaged or positioned between safe and fire.*

*Before using your gun, read its instruction book to understand the exact location and operation of your firearm's safety. Even when the safety is on, maintain control of your loaded firearm and control the direction of the muzzle. In other words, constantly control your safety to justify careless handling. If your firearm's internal mechanism has been broken or has been altered, your firearm may fire even when the safety is on. Remember, you and your safe gun handling practices are your gun's best safety.*

### **4th COMMANDMENT**

#### **Be Sure of Your Target and What's Beyond It.**

  
*You can't stop a shot in mid-air, so never fire unless you know exactly where your shot is going and what it will strike. Never fire at a sound, a movement or a patch of color. A hunter in camouflage can easily be mistaken for a target by an impulsive shooter. Before you pull the trigger be absolutely sure of your target and what's behind it. Make sure the shot has a backstop such as a hillside or dense material like sand. Remember, bullets can travel great distances with tremendous velocity. Know how far your shot will go if you miss your target or the bullet ricochets.*